

# x930 Series

# Advanced Gigabit Layer 3 Stackable Switches with 10G and 40G Uplinks

The Allied Telesis x930 Series of stackable Gigabit Layer 3 switches provide resiliency, reliability and high performance, making them ideal for distribution and network core solutions.

Allied Telesis x930 Series switches are a high-performing and feature-rich choice for today's networks. With a choice of 24- and 48-port models with 10 Gigabit and 40 Gigabit uplink ports, plus the power of Allied Telesis Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack™) with up to 160Gbps of stacking bandwidth per switch, the x930 Series have the flexibility and performance for key network connectivity.

### **Network automation**

Vista Manager™ EX bundled with Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF) meets the increasing management requirements of modern networks. While AMF allows an entire network to be securely and easily managed as a single virtual device, Vista Manager EX provides an intuitive and powerful graphical tool for monitoring and managing AMF wired and Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) wireless devices.

# Device and network management

The Device GUI on the x930 Series enables graphical monitoring of key switch features to support easy management.

Integrated into the Device GUI, Vista Manager<sup>TM</sup> mini supports visibility and management of AMF wired and AWC wireless network devices, making it ideal as a one-stop solution for small to medium-sized networks.

AWC is an intelligent, easy to use Wireless LAN controller that automatically maintains optimal wireless coverage. Vista Manager mini includes AWC floor and heat maps showing wireless coverage. It also supports AWC Channel Blanket hybrid operation, providing maximum performance and seamless roaming, as well as AWC Smart Connect for simplified deployment, and a resilient Wi-Fi network solution using wireless uplink connectivity.

### Resilient

Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™), G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection, and Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP) ensure that distributed ring-based network segments have resilient access to online resources.

Allied Telesis Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack™), in conjunction with link aggregation, provides a network with no single point of failure for high-availability applications. The x930 Series can stack up to eight¹ units for enhanced resiliency and simple device management. Plus, Long Distance Stacking (VCStack LD) allows stacks to be created over fiber links, making the x930 the perfect choice for distributed environments too.

# Reliable

The x930 Series was designed with reliability in mind, and guarantees continual delivery of essential services. With dual hot-swappable load-sharing power supplies and near-hitless online stack reconfiguration, maintenance may be performed without affecting network uptime.

#### Secure

Advanced security features protect the network from the edge to the core. The x930 Series offers powerful control over network traffic types, protection against network attacks, secure management options, loop guard to detect cabling mistakes, and tri-authentication for comprehensive end-point access control.

# **Future proof**

The x930 Series ensures a futureproof network, with superior flexibility and ability to stack multiple units, plus 10 Gigabit and 40 Gigabit uplink ports.

The x930 Series is Software Defined Networking (SDN) ready, supporting OpenFlow v1.3 and a comprehensive









IPv6 feature set to ensure they are ready for future network traffic demands.

# **Environmentally friendly**

The x930 Series supports Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE), automatically reducing the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port—thus reducing operating costs.

# **Key Features**

- ► Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework<sup>™</sup> (AMF)
- ► Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)
- VCStack<sup>™</sup> up to 8¹ switches
- ▶ VCStack LD for long distance stacking
- ▶ EPSR Master
- ▶ G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection
- ▶ Continuous PoE
- Precision Time Protocol (PTP)Transparent Mode
- ▶ 40G Ethernet uplink/stacking ports
- ▶ Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM) for fiber data and stacking links
- ▶ OpenFlow for SDN
- ▶ Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)
- VLAN Translation
- Media Access Control Security (MACSec)
- ► Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP)
- Modbus support
- Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)
- ▶ Link Monitoring
- ► AT-Vista Manager mini enables:
  - Wired and wireless network visibility
  - ▶ AWC wireless network management
  - ► AWC-Smart Connect wireless uplinks

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Up to 4 units supported if using 1Gbps ports for stacking

# **Key Features**

#### Vista Manager mini

Integrated into the Device GUI, Vista Manager mini provides full network visibility of AMF wired and AWC wireless devices. Manage and simplify wireless deployment with AWC-Smart Connect, and support optimal wireless performance from AWC hybrid operation with maximum throughout and a seamless Wi-Fi user experience.

# Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF)

- Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.
- Any x930 Series switch can operate as the AMF network master, storing firmware and configuration backups for other network nodes. The AMF master enables auto-provisioning and auto-upgrade by providing appropriate files to new network members. New network devices can be pre-provisioned making installation easy because no on-site configuration is required.
- AMF secure mode encrypts all AMF traffic, provides unit and user authorization, and monitors network access to greatly enhance network security.
- AMF Guestnode allows Allied Telesis wireless access points and further switching products, as well as third party devices such as IP phones and security cameras, to be part of an AMF network.

# **AWC Wireless Management**

- Optimize wireless network performance with the Autonomous Wave Controller (AWC), built-in to the x930 Series. AWC analyzes wireless traffic patterns and automatically reconfigures access points to meet demand.
- Wireless network operation in multi-channel, single-channel (Channel Blanket), and hybrid (multi-channel and Channel Blanket) modes, supports maximum data throughput and seamless roaming for the most flexible wireless solution available.
- AWC-Smart Connect (AWC-SC) enables plug-and play wireless network growth, as new APs only need a power connection, and will then automatically create resilient wireless uplink connections to other APs.

#### Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack™)

Create a VCStack of up to eight¹ units with 40Gbps (or 160Gbps with the StackQS model) of stacking bandwidth on each unit. Stacking links are connected in a ring so each device has dual connections to further improve resiliency. VCStack provides a highly available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if one of the units fails. Aggregating switch ports on different units across the stack provides excellent network resiliency.

#### <sup>1</sup> Up to 4 units supported if using 1Gbps ports for stacking

#### Long Distance Stacking (VCStack LD)

 Long distance stacking allows a VCStack to be created over longer distances, perfect for a distributed network environment.

# Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)

BFD enables fast detection of link failures, so recovery time is minimized. BFD can work alongside protocols such as BGP supporting faster shutdown of neighbor connections if a peer session goes down.

# Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™)

- ► EPSRing and 10 Gigabit Ethernet allow several switches to form high-speed protected rings capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. The x930 Series switches can act as the EPSR Master.
- This feature is perfect for high performance and high availability at the core of enterprise or provider access networks.
- Superloop Protection enables a link between two EPSR nodes to be in separate EPSR domains, improving redundancy and network fault resiliency.

#### **G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection**

- G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed stand-alone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR.
- Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

# Media Recovery Protocol (MRP)

 MRP enables high-availability automation networks, and is specified for rings with up to 50 devices, where it guarantees fully deterministic switchover behavior.

# Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF Lite)

- ▶ VRF Lite provides Layer 3 network virtualization by dividing a single switch into multiple independent virtual routing domains. With independent routing domains, IP addresses can overlap without causing conflict, allowing multiple customers to have their own secure virtual network within the same physical infrastructure. VRF Lite supports both unicast and multicast traffic.
- ➤ The built-in DHCP Server on the x930 Series is VRF aware, enabling the supply of IP addresses to clients across multiple isolated networks.

#### **Active Fiber Monitoring**

▶ Active Fiber Monitoring prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent. Active Fiber Monitoring is supported on fiber data and fiber stacking links.

#### **UniDirectional link Detection**

UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) is useful for monitoring fiber-optic links between two switches that use two single-direction fibers to transmit and receive packets. UDLD prevents traffic from being sent across a bad link by blocking the ports at both ends of the link in the event that either the individual transmitter or receiver for that connection fails.

# Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+)

With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints such as IP phones and wireless access points is not necessary. PoE+ reduces costs and provides even greater flexibility, providing the capability to connect devices requiring more power (up to 30 Watts) such as pan, tilt and zoom security cameras.

#### **Continuous PoE**

Continuous PoE allows the switch to be restarted without affecting the supply of power to connected devices. Smart lighting, security cameras, and other PoE devices will continue to operate during a software upgrade on the switch.

#### Modbus

 Modbus enables communication with Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) systems for industrial automation.

#### **High Reliability**

➤ The x930 series switches feature front to back cooling and dual power supply units (PSUs). The x930 features dual hot-swappable load sharing power supplies for maximum uptime, and the option of either front-to-back or back-to-front cooling. This makes it ideal for use as a top-ofrack data center switch

# **VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)**

VLAN mirroring allows traffic from a port on a remote switch to be analysed locally. Traffic being transmitted or received on the port is duplicated and sent across the network on a special VLAN.

### sFlow

SFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector (up to 5 collectors can be configured) ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

# **Precision Time Protocol (PTP)**

 PTP (IEEE 1588v2) sychronizes clocks throughout the network with micro-second accuracy, supporting industrial automation and control systems.

# **Key Features**

#### Software Defined Networking (SDN)

 OpenFlow is a key technology that enables the use of SDN to build smart applications that unlock value and reduce cost.

### **AMF Application Proxy**

Allied Telesis SES (Secure Enterprise SDN) solution enables internal LAN threat detection and automatic end-point isolation to protect the network. The AMF Application Proxy enables the SES controller to communicate with the AMF master when a threat is detected, so the AMF master can take action to block the threat at source by quarantining the infected end-point.

# **Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)**

 UFO lets you manage which ports in a VLAN can communicate with each other, and which only have upstream access to services, for secure multi-user deployment.

#### **VLAN Translation**

- VLAN Translation allows traffic arriving on a VLAN to be mapped to a different VLAN on the outgoing paired interface.
- ▶ In Metro networks, it is common for a network Service Provider (SP) to give each customer their own unique VLAN, yet at the customer location give all customers the same VLAN-ID for tagged packets to use on the wire. SPs can use VLAN Translation to change the tagged packet's VLAN-ID at the customer location to the VLAN-ID for tagged packets to use within the SP's network.

► This feature is also useful in Enterprise environments where it can be used to merge two networks together, without manually reconfiguring the VLAN numbering scheme. This situation can occur if two companies have merged and the same VLAN-ID is used for two different purposes.

# Media Access Control Security (MACSec)

802.1AE MACSec secures all traffic on point-topoint Ethernet links between directly connected nodes, ensuring protection against security threats such as denial of service, intrusion, man-in-the-middle, passive wiretapping, and playback attacks.

# Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)

 MSDP enables two or more PIM-SM (Sparse Mode) domains to share information on active multicast sources, for more efficient forwarding of multicast traffic.

# **Link Monitoring (Linkmon)**

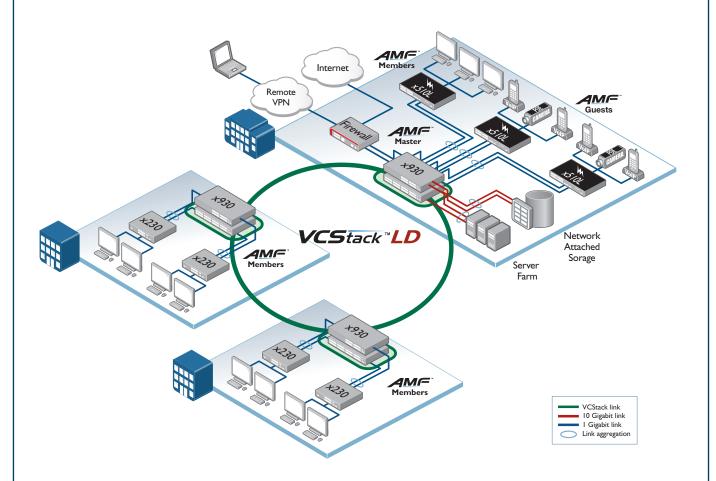
Linkmon enables network health monitoring by regularly sending probes over key links to gather metrics comprising latency, jitter, and probe loss. This supports pro-active network management, and can also be used with triggers to automate a change to device or network configuration in response to the declining health of a monitored link.



NETWORK SMARTER x930 Series | 3

# **Key Solutions**

# Distributed Network Core



# Distributed network core

Allied Telesis x930 Series switches are ideal for core and distributed solutions, where resiliency and flexibility are required. In the above diagram, long distance Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack LD) is used to create a single virtual unit out of multiple devices. The increased distance provided by fiber stacking connectivity means that members of the virtual chassis do not need to be colocated. Instead, they can be kilometers apart—perfect for a distributed network environment.

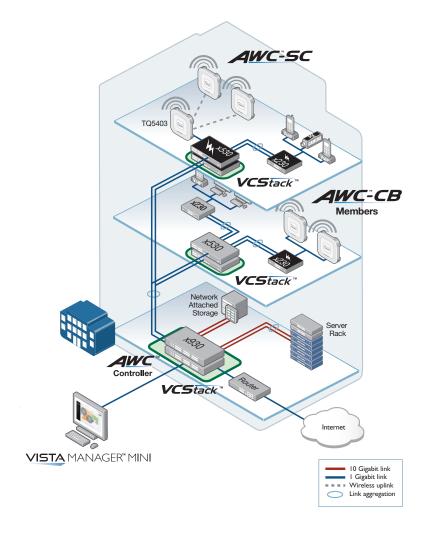
When combined with link aggregation to access switches, this provides a solution with no single point of failure that fully utilizes all network bandwidth, and ensures high availability of data for network users.

AMF allows this large distributed network to be managed as a single virtual entity, greatly reducing administration and automating many day-to-day tasks.

Allied Telesis x930 Series switches support enterprises and their use of business-critical online resources and applications, with a resilient and reliable solution.

# **Key Solutions**

# Integrated wireless LAN management



Allied Telesis Autonomous Wave Controller (AWC) offers solutions for two of the most common problems with Wireless LANs: initial setup complexity and on-going performance degradation. Initial WLAN set-up usually requires a site survey to achieve the best coverage; and performance of WLANs can often change over time as external sources of radio interference reduce coverage and bandwidth. These issues can be time-consuming to identify and resolve.

AWC features an intelligent process that automatically recalibrates the signal strength and radio channel of each Access Point (AP) for optimal WLAN performance.

AWC Smart Connect (AWC-SC) uses wireless uplink connections between APs, so deployment is as easy as plugging in and powering on the new APs, which automatically extend the Wi-Fi network, creating a resilient solution.

Vista Manager mini is integrated into the Device Gui of the x930 Series and provides an ideal solution for modern enterprise networks, enabling management of both the wired (with AMF) and wireless (with AWC) networks to be automated. This reduces both the time and cost of network administration, as well as maximizing network performance for a superior user experience.

Up to 5 TQ Series wireless APs can be managed for free, and up to a further 120 APs (max 125) with feature licenses, available separately.

On some AP models, hybrid channel blanket enables multichannel and single-channel WiFi operation simultaneously. This supports seamless roaming and maximum throughput. Channel Blanket licenses are available for up to 120 APs. For plug-and-play wireless deployment AWC-SC licenses are available for up to 120 APs.

NETWORK SMARTER x930 Series | 5

# **Specifications**

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	100/1000X SFP PORTS	1/10 GIGABIT SFP+ PORTS	10 GIGABIT Stacking Ports	MODULE SLOTS	POE ENABLED PORTS	SWITCHING Fabric	FORWARDING Rate
x930-28GTX	24	-	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	-	288Gbps	214.3Mpps
x930-28GPX	24	-	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	24	288Gbps	214.3Mpps
x930-28GSTX	24 (combo)	24 (combo)	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	-	288Gbps	214.3Mpps
x930-52GTX	48	-	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	-	336Gbps	250Mpps
x930-52GPX	48	-	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	48	336Gbps	250Mpps

<sup>\*</sup> Stacking ports can be configured as additional 1G/10G Ethernet ports when unit is not stacked, or if StackQS module is used

#### Performance

- ► 40Gbps of stacking bandwidth per switch using front panel 10G SFP+ ports
- ▶ 160Gbps of stacking bandwidth per switch using optional AT-StackQS expansion module
- ▶ 13KB L2 and 9KB L3 Jumbo frames
- Wirespeed multicasting
- ▶ 4094 configurable VLANs
- ▶ Up to 64K MAC addresses
- ▶ Up to 16,000 OSPF routes
- ▶ Up to 2K IPv4 multicast entries
- ▶ Up to 2000 OpenFlow v1.3 entries
- Up to 128 Link Aggregation Groups (LAGS) any combination of static and dynamic (LACP)
- ▶ 2GB DDR SDRAM, 256MB flash memory
- ▶ Packet buffer memory: x930-28 2MB, 52 4MB

#### Reliability

- ▶ Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- ► Internal dual hot-swappable PSUs, providing uninterrupted power and extra reliability
- ► Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

#### Expandability

- ▶ Stack up to eight¹ units in a VCStack
- ▶ Versatile licensing options for additional features

# Flexibility and Compatibility

- ► Gigabit SFP ports on x930-28GSTX will support any combination of Allied Telesis 100Mbps and 1000Mbps SFP modules listed in this document under Ordering Information
- ▶ 10G SFP+ ports will support any combination of Allied Telesis 1000Mbps SFP and 10GbE SFP+ modules and direct attach cables listed in this document under Ordering Information
- Port speed and duplex (full duplex only) configuration can be set manually or by autonegotiation
- Front-panel SFP+ stacking ports can be configured as additional 1G/10G Ethernet ports

#### **Diagnostic Tools**

- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- ▶ Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- ► Cable fault locator (TDR)
- ► Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) for use with G.8032 ERPS
- ► Find-me device locator
- ► Hardware health monitoring
- ▶ Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- ► Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)

- ▶ Ping polling and TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6
- ► Port and VLAN mirroring (RSPAN)
- ▶ Uni-Directional Link Detection (UDLD)

#### **IPv4 Features**

- Black hole routing
- ▶ Directed broadcast forwarding
- DNS relay
- ▶ Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing
- Policy-based routing
- Route maps and route redistribution (OSPF, BGP, RIP)
- Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv4
- ▶ UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)
- Up to 64 Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF lite) domains (with license)

# **IPv6 Features**

- DHCPv6 client and relay
- ▶ DNSv6 client and relay
- ▶ IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- IPv6 over IPv4 tunneling (manual configuration only)
- ▶ IPv6 aware storm protection, QoS and hardware ACLs
- Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- NTPv6 client and server
- ▶ Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv6
- ▶ Log to IPv6 hosts with Syslog v6
- ▶ IPv6 Ready certified

#### Management

- ▶ Front panel 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
- Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery
- ▶ Try AMF for free with the built-in Starter license
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- ► Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- Out-of-band 10/100/1000T Ethernet management port
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management
- Built-in text editor and powerful CLI scripting engine
- Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events

 USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices

#### **Quality of Service**

- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- ► Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- ► IPv6 QoS support
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- ▶ Policy-based storm protection
- ► Extensive remarking capabilities
- ► Taildrop for queue congestion control
- Queue scheduling options for strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- ▶ IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

# **Resiliency Features**

- BPDU forwarding
- ▶ 10G and 40G stacking ports can be configured as Ethernet ports
- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP) and enhanced recovery for extra resiliency
- ► G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection
- ► Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP)
- ► Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)
- ► Long-Distance VCStack (LD-VCStack) using SFP+ or QSFP+ modules
- ▶ Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- PVST+ compatibility mode
- ▶ STP root guard
- VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

#### **Security Features**

- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- ► Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- ▶ Dynamic ACLs assigned via port authentication
- ► ACL Groups enable multiple hosts/ports to be included in a single ACL, reducing configuration
- ► Auth fail and guest VLANs
- Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting (AAA)
- Bootloader can be password protected for device security

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Up to 4 units supported if using 1Gbps ports for stacking

- ▶ BPDU protection
- DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- ▶ DoS attack blocking and virus throttling
- ▶ Dynamic VLAN assignment
- ▶ MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
- ► Media Access Control Security (MACSec)
- Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- ► Learn limits (intrusion detection) for single ports or LAGs
- Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- ▶ RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port
- Secure Copy (SCP) and Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) client
- Strong password security and encryption
- ▶ TACACS+ command authorisation
- ► Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x

# **Software Defined Networking (SDN)**

 OpenFlow v1.3 with support for encryption, connection interruption and inactivity probe

# **Environmental Specifications**

- Operating temperature range:
   0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) AT-x930-GTX models and AT-x930-28GSTX
   0°C to 45°C (32°F to 113°F) AT-x930-GPX models
   Derated by 1°C per 305 meters (1,000 ft)
- ➤ Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- Operating relative humidity range: 5% to 90% non-condensing
- Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing
- Operating altitude: 3,048 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

#### **Electrical Approvals and Compliances**

- ► EMC: EN55022 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A, ICES-003 class A
- ► Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) AC models only

# **Power Supply Requirements**

- ► AC voltage: 90 to 260V (auto-ranging)
- ▶ Frequency: 47 to 63Hz
- ▶ DC voltage: 40 to 60VDC (for PWR250-80 PSU only)

#### Safety

- Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950.1
- ► Certification: UL, cUL, TUV

# Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

- ▶ EU RoHS compliant
- ► China RoHS compliant

# **Physical Specifications**

PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	MOUNTING	WE	PACKAGED DIMENSIONS	
THODOUT	WIDTH A DEPTH A REIGHT	WICONTING	UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED	PAGRAGED DIMENSIONS
x930-28GTX	440 x 420 x 44 mm (17.32 x 16.54 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.1 kg (11.2 lb)	7.1 kg (15.7 lb)	56 x 53 x 15 cm (22.1 x 20.9 x 5.9 in)
x930-28GPX	440 x 420 x 44 mm (17.32 x 16.54 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.1 kg (11.2 lb)	7.1 kg (15.7 lb)	56 x 53 x 15 cm (22.1 x 20.9 x 5.9 in)
x930-28GSTX	440 x 420 x 44 mm (17.32 x 16.54 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.1 kg (11.2 lb)	7.1 kg (15.7 lb)	56 x 53 x 15 cm (22.1 x 20.9 x 5.9 in)
x930-52GTX	440 x 420 x 44 mm (17.32 x 16.54 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.1 kg (11.2 lb)	7.1 kg (15.7 lb)	56 x 53 x 15 cm (22.1 x 20.9 x 5.9 in)
x930-52GPX	440 x 420 x 44 mm (17.32 x 16.54 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.2 kg (11.5 lb)	7.2 kg (15.9 lb)	56 x 53 x 15 cm (22.1 x 20.9 x 5.9 in)
StackQS	141 x 96.5 x 40.3 mm (5.56 x 3.80 x 1.59 in)	Module	0.2 kg (0.44 lb)	1.2 kg (2.65 lb)	40 x 25 x 10 cm (15.8 x 9.8 x 3.9 in)
x9EM/XT4	141 x 96.5 x 40.3 mm (5.56 x 3.80 x 1.59 in)	Module	0.2 kg (0.44 lb)	1.2 kg (2.65 lb)	40 x 25 x 13 cm (15.8 x 9.8 x 5.1 in)

#### **Power and Noise Characteristics**

	1	NO POE LOAD			FULL POE+ LOAD (PWR800)			FULL POE+ LOAD (PWR1200)		
PRODUCT	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	
x930-28GTX	84W	285 BTU/h	39.7 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-	
x930-28GPX	84W	286 BTU/h	44.7 dBA	564W	287 BTU/h	45.8 dBA	808W	301 BTU/h	56.0 dBA	
x930-28GSTX	97W	329 BTU/h	39.7 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-	
x930-52GTX	95W	323 BTU/h	39.7 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-	
x930-52GPX	97W	330 BTU/h	44.7 dBA	577W	331 BTU/h	45.8 dBA	880W	341 BTU/h	56.0 dBA	

Noise: tested to ISO7779; front bystander position

### Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED							
PRODUCI	10MBPS	100MBPS	1GBPS	10GBPS	40GBPS			
x930-28GTX/GPX	47.4µs	7.9µs	3.7µs	<b>2.6</b> µs	-			
x930-28GSTX	<b>47.4</b> µs	7.6µs (Fiber)	3.6µs (Fiber)	<b>2.6</b> µs	-			
x930-52GTX/GPX	<b>47.4</b> µs	7.9µs	<b>3.7</b> µs	<b>2.6</b> µs	-			
StackQS	-	-	-	-	2.5µs			
x9EM/XT4	-	-	3.7µs	2.6µs	-			

# **Power over Ethernet Power Supply Combinations**

PSU	POE POWER	MAXI	MAX			
INSTALLED	AVAILABLE	CLASS I (4.0W)	CLASS 2 (7.0W)	CLASS 3 (15.4.W)	CLASS 4 (30W)	REDUNDANT POE POWER
PWR800	380W	48	48	24	12	-
PWR800 + PWR800	740W	48	48	48	24	380W
PWR1200	740W	48	48	48	24	-
PWR1200 + PWR1200	1440W	48	48	48	48	740W

NETWORK SMARTER x930 Series | 7

Stand	ards and Protocols	RFC 792	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)	RFC 3411	An architecture for describing SNMP
		RFC 793 RFC 826	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)	RFC 3412	management frameworks  Message processing and dispatching for the
	are Plus Operating System	RFC 894	Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams	111 0 3412	SNMP
Version 5.5	.1-2	111 0 00 1	over Ethernet networks	RFC 3413	SNMP applications
Daudau	Cotower Protocol (BCD)	RFC 919	Broadcasting Internet datagrams	RFC 3414	User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3
BGP dynam	Gateway Protocol (BGP) iic capability	RFC 922	Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets	RFC 3415	View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for SNMP
	und route filtering	RFC 932	Subnetwork addressing scheme	RFC 3416	Version 2 of the protocol operations for the
RFC 1772		RFC 950	Internet standard subnetting procedure	111 0 0 110	SNMP
DE0 1007	(BGP) in the Internet	RFC 951	Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)	RFC 3417	Transport mappings for the SNMP
RFC 1997	BGP communities attribute	RFC 1027	Proxy ARP	RFC 3418	MIB for SNMP
RFC 2385	Protection of BGP sessions via the TCP MD5	RFC 1035	DNS client	RFC 3621	Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB
DEC 2420	signature option	RFC 1042	Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams	RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the
RFC 2439 RFC 2545	BGP route flap damping Use of BGP-4 multiprotocol extensions for		over IEEE 802 networks		Ethernet-like interface types
111 0 2040	IPv6 inter-domain routing	RFC 1071	Computing the Internet checksum	RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
RFC 2858	Multiprotocol extensions for BGP-4	RFC 1122	Internet host requirements	RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol
RFC 2918	Route refresh capability for BGP-4	RFC 1191	Path MTU discovery	DE0 4440	(TCP)
RFC 3392	Capabilities advertisement with BGP-4	RFC 1256	ICMP router discovery messages	RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 3882	Configuring BGP to block Denial-of-Service	RFC 1518	An architecture for IP address allocation with	RFC 4188 RFC 4292	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
	(DoS) attacks	DEC 1510	CIDR Classics Inter Demain Pouting (CIDR)	RFC 4292 RFC 4293	IP forwarding table MIB
RFC 4271	Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)	RFC 1519 RFC 1542	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) Clarifications and extensions for BootP	RFC 4293	MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)  Definitions of managed objects for bridges
RFC 4360	BGP extended communities	RFC 1542	Domain Name System (DNS)	NFU 4310	with RSTP
RFC 4456	BGP route reflection - an alternative to full	RFC 1812	Requirements for IPv4 routers	RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote ping,
	mesh iBGP	RFC 1918	IP addressing	111 0 4300	traceroute and lookup operations
RFC 4724	BGP graceful restart	RFC 2581	TCP congestion control	RFC 5424	Syslog protocol
RFC 4893	BGP support for four-octet AS number space	ni 0 200 l	TOT CONGCOUNT CONTROL	RFC 6527	Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3
RFC 5065	Autonomous system confederations for BGP	IPv6 Fe	aturas	111 0 0027	Dominions of managed objects for VITITE VS
		RFC 1981	Path MTU discovery for IPv6	Multica	st Support
	graphic Algorithms	RFC 2460	IPv6 specification		outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM
	oved Algorithms (CAVP Certified*)	RFC 2464	Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet	IGMP query	,
	(Block Ciphers):	111 0 2404	networks		oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)
► AES (E	CB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)	RFC 2711	IPv6 router alert option		ning fast-leave
▶ 3DES (I	ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)	RFC 3484	Default address selection for IPv6		multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)
Block Ciphe	er Modes:	RFC 3587	IPv6 global unicast address format		ing (MLDv1 and v2)
► CCM		RFC 3596	DNS extensions to support IPv6		d PIM-SSM for IPv6
		RFC 4007	IPv6 scoped address architecture	RFC 1112	Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)
► CMAC		RFC 4193	Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses	RFC 2236	Internet Group Management Protocol v2
▶ GCM		RFC 4213	Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and		(IGMPv2)
▶ XTS			routers	RFC 2710	Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6
Digital Sign	atures & Asymmetric Key Generation:	RFC 4291	IPv6 addressing architecture	RFC 2715	Interoperability rules for multicast routing
▶ DSA	active a regimment reg denotation.	RFC 4443	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)		protocols
		RFC 4861	Neighbor discovery for IPv6	RFC 3306	Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses
► ECDSA	l .	RFC 4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration	RFC 3376	IGMPv3
RSA			(SLAAC)	RFC 3618	Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)
Secure Has	shing:	RFC 5014	IPv6 socket API for source address selection	RFC 3810	Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for
► SHA-1		RFC 5095	Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6	DE0.0050	IPv6
	(SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512)		IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option	RFC 3956	Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	RFC 6105	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard	DE0 0070	in an IPv6 multicast address
-	uthentication:			RFC 3973 RFC 4541	PIM Dense Mode (DM)
	(SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512)	Manage		RFC 4541	IGMP and MLD snooping switches Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse Mode
Random Nu	umber Generation:		se MIB including AMF MIB and SNMP traps	NFC 4001	(PIM-SM): protocol specification (revised)
DRBG (	(Hash, HMAC and Counter)	Optical DDN		RFC 4604	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific
		SNMPv1, v2		111 0 4004	multicast
Non FIPS A	Approved Algorithms		AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	RFC 4607	Source-specific multicast for IP
,	28/192/256)	RFC 1155	Structure and identification of management information for TCP/IP-based Internets	5 7007	222/00 opposite manager for II
DES		RFC 1157	Simple Network Management Protocol	Open S	hortest Path First (OSPF)
MD5		111 0 1107	(SNMP)	•	ocal signaling
		RFC 1212	Concise MIB definitions		authentication
Etherne		RFC 1213	MIB for network management of TCP/		I LSDB resync
	AE Media Access Control Security (MACSec)		IP-based Internets: MIB-II	RFC 1245	OSPF protocol analysis
	Logical Link Control (LLC)	RFC 1215	Convention for defining traps for use with the	RFC 1246	Experience with the OSPF protocol
IEEE 802.3			SNMP	RFC 1370	Applicability statement for OSPF
	ab 1000BASE-T	RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB	RFC 1765	OSPF database overflow
	ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet	RFC 1239	Standard MIB	RFC 2328	OSPFv2
	af Power over Ethernet (PoE)	RFC 1724	RIPv2 MIB extension	RFC 2370	OSPF opaque LSA option
	an 10GBASE-T	RFC 2578	Structure of Management Information v2	RFC 2740	OSPFv3 for IPv6
	az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) ba 40GBASE-X		(SMIv2)	RFC 3101	OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option
	u 100BASE-X	RFC 2579	Textual conventions for SMIv2	RFC 3509	Alternative implementations of OSPF area
	x Flow control - full-duplex operation	RFC 2580	Conformance statements for SMIv2		border routers
	z 1000BASE-X	RFC 2674	Definitions of managed objects for bridges	RFC 3623	Graceful OSPF restart
	/2 Precision clock synchronization protocol v2		with traffic classes, multicast filtering and	RFC 3630	Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF
ILLL IJUOV	2 1 130101011 010011 0311011101112ation protocol vz		VLAN extensions	RFC 4552	Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3
IPv4 Fe	atures	RFC 2741	Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol	RFC 5329	Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3
RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	RFC 2787	Definitions of managed objects for VRRP	RFC 5340	OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support)
RFC 700	Internet Protocol (IP)	RFC 2819	RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)	<b>.</b>	of Complete (C : C)
111 0 131	mornot i rotocoi (ii )	RFC 2863	Interfaces group MIB		of Service (QoS)
* Comton	Algorithm Validation Program (CAVP) validated by the	RFC 3176	sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in	RFC 2211	Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network
	Algorithm Validation Program (CAVP) validated by the ite of Standards and Technology (NIST)		switched and routed networks	111 0 2211	element service
- Inoutu	2) ( · · · · · ·				

AlliedTelesis.com **8** | x930 Series

RFC 2474 RFC 2475 RFC 2597 RFC 2697	DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port DiffServ architecture DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) A single-rate three-color marker				
RFC 2698 RFC 3246	A two-rate three-color marker DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)				
Resiliency Features					

IEC 61439-2 Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP) ITU-T G.8032 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) IEEE 802.1ag CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) IEEE 802.1AX Link aggregation (static and LACP) IEEE 802.1D MAC bridges IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) IEEE 802.3adStatic and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 RFC 5798 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 RFC5880 Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)

#### **Routing Information Protocol (RIP)**

RFC 1058	Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
RFC 2080	RIPng for IPv6
RFC 2081	RIPng protocol applicability statement
RFC 2082	RIP-2 MD5 authentication
RFC 2453	RIPv2

# **Security Features**

SSH remote login SSLv2 and SSLv3

TACACS+ Accounting, Authentication and Authorisation (AAA)

IEEE 802.1X Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5)

IEEE 802.1X	Multi-supplicant authentication
IEEE 802.1X	Port-based network access control
RFC 2560	X.509 Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP)
RFC 2818	HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")
RFC 2865	RADIUS authentication
RFC 2866	RADIUS accounting
RFC 2868	RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support
RFC 2986	PKCS #10: certification request syntax specification v1.7
RFC 3546	Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions
RFC 3579	RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 3580	IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines
RFC 3748	PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 4251	Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture
RFC 4252	Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
RFC 4253	Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
RFC 4254	Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol
RFC 5176	RADIUS CoA (Change of Authorization)
RFC 5246	Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.2
RFC 5280	X.509 certificate and Certificate Revocation
	List (CRL) profile
RFC 5425	Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport mapping for Syslog
RFC 5656	Elliptic curve algorithm integration for SSH
RFC 6125	Domain-based application service identity
DE0 0044	within PKI using X.509 certificates with TLS
RFC 6614	Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption for RADIUS
RFC 6668	SHA-2 data integrity verification for SSH

#### Services

RFC 854	Telnet protocol specification
RFC 855	Telnet option specifications

RFC 857	Telnet echo option
RFC 858	Telnet suppress go ahead option
RFC 1091	Telnet terminal-type option
RFC 1350	Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
RFC 1985	SMTP service extension
RFC 2049	MIME
RFC 2131	DHCPv4 (server, relay and client)
RFC 2132	DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
RFC 2616	Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 2821	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 2822	Internet message format
RFC 3046	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP
	option 82)
RFC 3315	DHCPv6 (server, relay and client)
RFC 3633	IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6
RFC 3646	DNS configuration options for DHCPv6
RFC 3993	Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent
	option
RFC 4330	Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4
RFC 5905	Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4

# **VLAN Support**

Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP) IEEE 802.1ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol and port IEEE 802.3acVLAN tagging

# Voice over IP (VoIP)

LLDP-MED ANSI/TIA-1057 Voice VLAN

# **Feature Licenses**

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING
AT-FL-x930-01	x930 premium license	<ul> <li>▶ OSPF4² (16,000 routes)</li> <li>▶ BGP4² (5,000 routes)</li> <li>▶ PIMv4-SM, DM and SSM (2,000 entries)</li> <li>▶ VLAN double tagging (Q-in-Q)</li> <li>▶ RIPng (5,000 routes)</li> <li>▶ OSPFv3 (8,000 routes)</li> <li>▶ BGP4+ (5,000 routes)</li> <li>▶ MLDv1 and v2</li> <li>▶ PIM-SMv6/SSMv6 (1,000 entries)</li> <li>▶ VRF lite (64 domains)</li> <li>▶ RADIUS Full</li> <li>▶ UDLD</li> <li>▶ PTP Transparent Mode</li> </ul>	► One license per stack member
AT-SW-AM10-1YR <sup>3</sup>	Cumulative AMF Master license	► AMF Master license for up to 10 nodes for 1 year	► One license per stack
AT-SW-AM10-5YR <sup>3</sup>	Cumulative AMF Master license	▶ AMF Master license for up to 10 nodes for 5 years	➤ One license per stack
AT-FL-x930-0F13-1YR	OpenFlow license	▶ OpenFlow v1.3 for 1 year	► Not supported on a stack
AT-FL-x930-0F13-5YR	OpenFlow license	➤ OpenFlow v1.3 for 5 years	► Not supported on a stack
AT-FL-x930-AAP-1YR	AMF Application Proxy license	► AMF Application Proxy license for 1 year	► One license per stack
AT-FL-x930-AAP-5YR	AMF Application Proxy license	► AMF Application Proxy license for 5 years	➤ One license per stack
AT-FL-x930-8032	ITU-T G.8032 license	► G.8032 ring protection ► Ethernet CFM	▶ One license per stack member
AT-FL-x930-CP0E	Continuous PoE license	► Continuous PoE power for GPX models only	► One license per stack member

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The standard switch software supports 64 OSPF and BGP routes

**NETWORK SMARTER** x930 Series | 9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Purchase one license per 10 nodes (up to 120 nodes maximum)

#### **Feature Licenses continued**

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING
AT-FL-x930-MSEC <sup>4</sup>	MACSec license	► Media Access Control Security	► One license per stack member
AT-FL-x930-MODB	Modbus license	► Modbus for industrial applications	► One license per stack member
AT-FL-x930-MRP	MRP license	▶ Media Redundancy Protocol	➤ One license per stack member
AT-SW-AWC10-1YR <sup>5</sup>	Cumulative AWC license	► Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) license for up to 10 access points for 1 year	► One license per stack
AT-SW-AWC10-5YR <sup>5</sup>	Cumulative AWC license	▶ Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) license for up to 10 access points for 5 years	► One license per stack
AT-SW-CB10-1YR <sup>6</sup>	Cumulative AWC-CB license	▶ AWC Channel Blanket license for up to 10 access points for 1 year	► One license per stack
AT-SW-CB10-5YR <sup>6</sup>	Cumulative AWC-CB license	▶ AWC Channel Blanket license for up to 10 access points for 5 years	► One license per stack
AT-SW-SC10-1YR <sup>7</sup>	Cumulative AWC-SC license	▶ AWC Smart Connect license for up to 10 access points for 1 year	► One license per stack
AT-SW-SC10-5YR <sup>7</sup>	Cumulative AWC-SC license	▶ AWC Smart Connect license for up to 10 access points for 5 years	► One license per stack

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MACSec is only supported on 1GbE downlink ports

# **Ordering Information**

#### **Switches**

#### AT-x930-28GTX-00

24-port 10/100/1000T stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

# AT-x930-28GPX-00

24-port 10/100/1000T PoE+ stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

#### AT-x930-28GSTX-00

24-port 10/100/1000T and 24-port 100/1000 SFP stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

# AT-x930-52GTX-00

48-port 10/100/1000T stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

#### AT-x930-52GPX-00

48-port 10/100/1000T PoE+ stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

#### AT-RKMT-SL01

Sliding rack mount kit

#### **Expansion Module**

AT-StackQS 2 x QSFP+ expansion module

#### AT-x9EM/XT4

4 x 10GBASE-T expansion module

#### Power Supplies (for all models)

# AT-PWR150-xx8

150W system power supply

# AT-PWR250-808

250W DC system power supply

# AT-PWR800-xx8

800W PoE+ power supply

# AT-PWR1200-xx8

1200W PoE+ power supply

Where xx = 10 for US power cord

20 for no power cord

30 for UK power cord

40 for Australian power cord

50 for European power cord

#### Fan accessories

#### AT-FAN09

Spare x930 fan module

#### AT-FAN09ADP

Spare x930 fan adaptor board

# 40G QSFP+ Modules

For use with AT-StackQS module

#### AT-QSFP1CU

1 meter QSFP+ direct attach stacking cable

#### AT-QSFPSR4

40GSR4 850 nm short-haul up to 150 m with MMF

# AT-QSFPLR4

40GLR4 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

### AT-QSFPER4

40GER4 1310 nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF

#### AT-QSFPSR

40GSR 850 nm short-haul up to 150 m with MMF

# AT-MTP12-1

1 meter MTP optical cable for AT-QSFPSR

#### AT-MTP12-5

5 meter MTP optical cable for AT-QSFPSR

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 5 APs can be managed for free. Purchase one license per 10 additional APs (up to 120 APs maximum)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Channel Blanket is not available as a free service. Both an AWC-CB license and an AWC license are required for Channel Blanket to operate. Purchase one AWC-CB license per 10 APs (up to 120 APs maximum). This feature is supported on TQ6602, TQ5403, and TQ5403e access points

<sup>7</sup> Smart Connect is not available as a free service. Both an AWC-SC license and an AWC license are required for Smart Connect to operate. Purchase one AWC-SC license per 10 APs (up to 120 APs maximum). This feature is supported on T05403. T05403e and T0m5403 access points

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Power supplies must be ordered separately

#### Breakout Cables For 4 x 10G connections

# AT-QSFP-4SFP10G-3CU

QSFP to 4 x SFP+ breakout direct attach cable (3 m)

#### AT-QSFP-4SFP10G-5CU

QSFP to 4 x SFP+ breakout direct attach cable (5 m)

#### 10G SFP+ Modules

(Note that any Allied Telesis 10G SFP+ module can be used for stacking with the front panel 10G ports)

#### AT-SP10SR

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

#### AT-SP10SR/I

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

#### AT-SP10LRM

10GLRM 1310 nm short-haul, 220 m with MMF

#### AT-SP10LR

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

#### AT-SP10LRa/I

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF industrial temperature

#### AT-SP10ER40/I

10GER 1550 nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF industrial temperature

#### AT-SP10ZR80/I

10GER 1550 nm long-haul, 80 km with SMF industrial temperature

# AT-SP10BD10/I-12

10 GbE Bi-Di (1270 nm Tx, 1330 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature, TAA<sup>9</sup>

# AT-SP10BD10/I-13

10 GbE Bi-Di (1330 nm Tx, 1270 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature,  $TAA^9$ 

# AT-SP10BD20-12

10 GbE Bi-Di (1270 nm Tx, 1330 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km,  $TAA^{\rm g}$ 

# AT-SP10BD20-13

10 GbE Bi-Di (1330 nm Tx, 1270 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km, TAA $^{\rm 9}$ 

#### AT-SP10BD40/I-12

10 GbE Bi-Di (1270 nm Tx, 1330 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km industrial temperature,  $TAA^{\circ}$ 

#### AT-SP10BD40/I-13

10 GbE Bi-Di (1330 nm Tx, 1270 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km industrial temperature, TAA<sup>9</sup>

#### AT-SP10TM

1G/2.5G/5G/10G, 100m copper, TAA9

#### AT-SP10TW1

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

#### AT-SP10TW3

3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

#### AT-SP10TW7

7 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

### 1000Mbps SFP Modules

#### AT-SPTX

1000T 100 m copper

#### AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m

#### AT-SPSX/I

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m industrial temperature

#### AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

#### AT-SPLX10

1000LX  $\,$  GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km  $\,$ 

# AT-SPLX10/I

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature

# AT-SPBD10-13

1000LX (LC)  $\,$  GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km  $\,$ 

### AT-SPBD10-14

 $1000LX\,(LC)\,$  GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

# AT-SPBD20-13/I

1000LX (SC) GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km industrial temperature

#### AT-SPBD20-14/I

1000LX (SC) GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km industrial temperature

#### AT-SPBD40-13/I

1000LX (LC) GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

# AT-SPBD40-14/I

1000LX (LC) GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

#### AT-SPLX40

1000EX (LC) GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km

#### AT-SPZX120/I

1000ZX (LC) GbE single-mode 1550 nm fiber up to 120 km, industrial temperature  $\,$ 

# 100Mbps SFP Modules

100Mbps SFP modules are only compatible with the SFP ports on the AT-x930-28GSTX switch)

#### AT-SPFX/2

100FX multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

#### AT-SPFX/15

100FX single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 15 km

#### AT-SPFXBD-LC-13

100BX Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1550 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

#### AT-SPFXBD-LC-15

100BX Bi-Di (1550 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km  $\,$ 



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Trade Act Agreement compliant